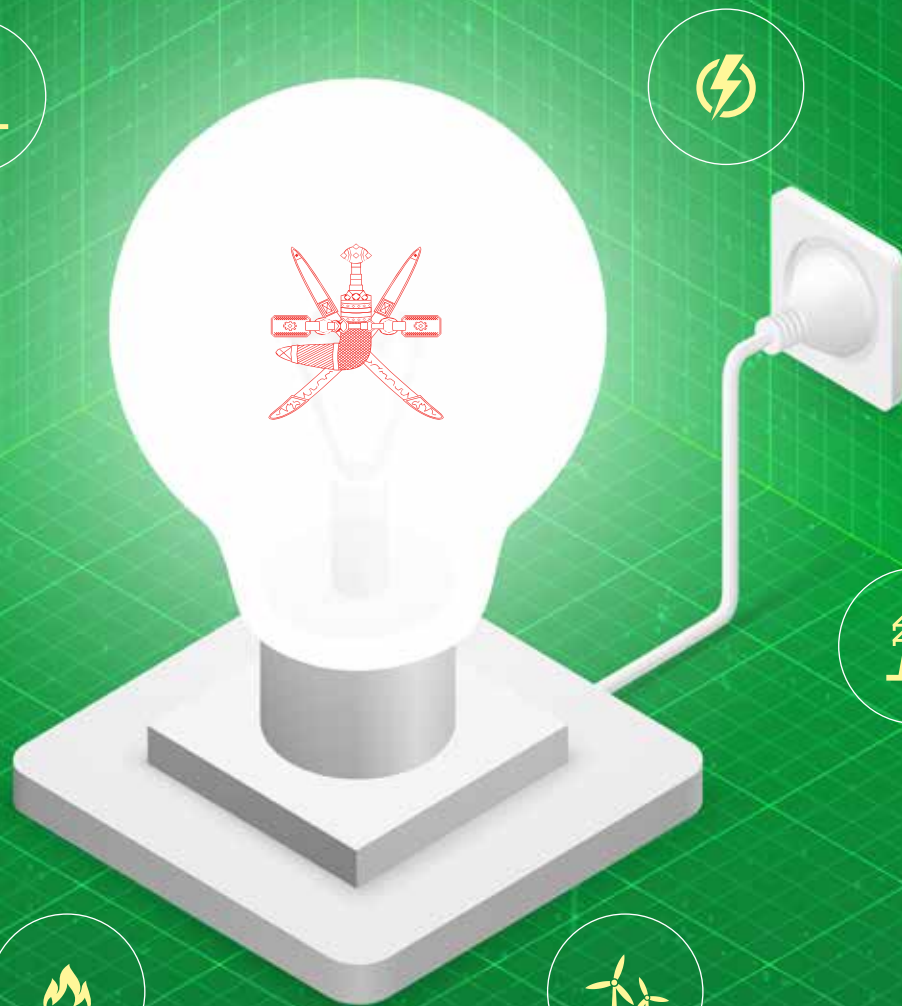


Oman Energy Master Plan 2040

Four Years On – What’s Happened?



PROGRESS REPORT
2016-2017-2018-2019

GI Consultancy
Gulf Intelligence



Oman Energy Master Plan 2040

- Original 15 Recommendation Published in Q1, 2016 Listed below:

* Updates for this publication have been compiled from information that is publicly available

RECOMMENDATIONS	SUMMARY	PROGRESS ON PAGES
STREAM 1 ENERGY SUPPLY <i>What Are The Top 3 Recommended Strategies To Maximize Benefits To Oman Of Its Energy Resources?</i>		
1. Create, Adopt and Implement a Comprehensive Energy Action Plan that can Facilitate the Immediate Implementation of Renewables	Increasing Oman's renewable energy activity requires clear targets and dedicated policy and regulatory frameworks, which nurture institutional coordination and nationwide capacity building.	8-10
2. Establish a Ministry of Energy	Establishing a dedicated energy ministry that is responsible for renewable energy and development in what is an increasingly diverse sector would mark a major step towards improving national energy and economic security.	11
3. Establish Small Scale Rooftop and Hybrid Power Generation, which also Support Local Communities	The government can encourage the development and application of small scale roof top solar installations that are backed by an official regulatory body, which monitors policy, permits and building code and standards. local communities can get involved in hybrid power generation - consisting of solar, wind, diesel and gas - which is particularly cost-effective and useful for remote homes.	11
STREAM 2 ENERGY DEMAND <i>What Are The Top 3 Recommendations For Tackling Oman's Domestic Energy Demand & Consumption Over The Next 25 Years?</i>		
1. The Structured Removal of Subsidies	Conversations in Oman to reduce, or cut energy-related subsidies have long been met with confusion and resistance. Cuts must be adjusted as per an individual's standing in society so that the lifestyle of those who are most vulnerable is not jeopardised. The government must provide transparent examples as to where the cash that is typically earmarked for subsidies will be spent	16-17
2. Inducing Positive Human Behaviour on a National Scale	Inducing a nationwide change in behaviour is essential in boosting the level of energy efficiency in homes, workplaces and modes of transport throughout Oman.	17
3. Centralize Oman's Energy Policy under a Single Authority	There are many demands on Oman's government to establish a coordinated energy policy that is driven by a single and empowered body. The entity must have the authority to determine the right energy mix for the country - one that incorporates oil, gas and renewables - and the power to establish a mandate for the efficient use of that energy portfolio.	17
STREAM 3 RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT <i>What Are The Top 3 Strategies Needed To Align Academia And Industry To Deliver An Enhanced R&D Ecosystem In Oman?</i>		
1. Narrow the Gap between Industry and Academia to Establish Efficient R&D Partnerships	The alignment between Oman's Industry and Academia must be urgently improved in order for Oman to deliver an enhanced R&D ecosystem that fosters efficient private-partner partnerships.	18-20
2. Establish Research Clusters and Incubators with Universities across Oman that are Linked with Promotional Entities.	The establishment of research clusters and incubators across the country will aim to promote R&D in all parts of Oman, bringing together the various stakeholders and facilities across the country such as universities, private-sector institutions, multinational corporations and the public sector.	20-21
3. More Omani students need to get their PhDs in Oman.	Encouraging a higher number of PhD students to study and work in Oman is vital - they represent the intellectual value and driving force behind top-level research.	21
STREAM 4 LABOUR <i>What Are The Top 3 Recommended Strategies That Need To Be Adopted To Align Industry And Academia To Meet Oman's Future Labour Market Requirements?</i>		
1. Establish a Coordinating Committee with an Operational Mandate that Comprises of Senior Representatives from the MOM and the MOE, as well as selected Industry Leaders.	A coordinating committee could target the creation of 50,000 vocational job opportunities across Oman's private sector within two years, costing an estimated OMR220 million.	22
2. Bolster the government's role in regulating education and reduce its influence in delivering education.	The role of the government in Oman's education system should be solely as a regulator and not as a service provider.	22
3. The mismatch in skill sets between Oman's Industry and Academia and the Importance of Streaming Students into Vocational Training early on.	The mismatch between the number of Omani students in higher education and the job requirements set by the labour market is a major challenge facing the country's economy.	23
STREAM 5 WATER-FOOD-ENERGY NEXUS <i>What Are The Top 3 Recommended Innovative Solutions To Achieve Sustainable Growth?</i>		
1. Establish and Mandate and Executive Authority that Focuses on Water, Energy and Food. Identify Linkages between the Three Sectors, Develop Knowledge and Induce Behavioural Change.	An executive authority must be established to fulfill three main responsibilities to create a coordinated and integrated strategy.	25
2. Renewable Energy Based desalination should be key to Address the Issue of Water Security on a Small and Large Scale with A Focus on Cost Competitive Technologies.	Renewable desalination of water - a necessity in the Middle East - can be used to augment the increasing demand for fresh water supplies.	25
3. Enforce Building Codes and Standards for Sustainable Homes to Promote Water Savings and Energy Efficiency, such as the Development of Green Homes.	An official and nationwide programme that promotes, develops and regulates green homes in Oman must be based on well-defined building codes and standards that encompass four key points: economic efficiency, energy efficiency, sustainability and the minimal use of water.	25



Executive Summary: Progress Report 2016-2017-2018

While the Sultanate of Oman has been able to use petro-dollars to fuel strong development over recent years, its economic and demographic growth is now poised to outstrip resources, posing a complex nexus of questions about how best to diversify its energy mix, while ensuring energy security and is it possible to do both without liberalizing the economy. There is no doubt Oman faces major energy challenges in the coming decades as conventional fossil fuel resources dwindle and its young population continues to grow rapidly.

Inevitably that leaves officials grappling about the long-term viability of the economy and the best energy sources and strategies to meet its needs and drive economic growth. Should Oman pursue clean coal, nuclear power or renewable resources? How important is R&D and the advent of new technology, what about addressing state subsidies that risk the frittering of cheap state energy. We need to ensure that industry-academia-government is adequately aligned to deliver the knowledge and labor force for overcoming tomorrow's challenges.

While there are divergent views on which of these questions are most important, a consensus emerges on the first step to resolving this riddle - that is the need to draft a 25-Year Oman Energy Master Plan. Rising domestic energy demand is presenting the country with a string of challenges and pressure on the Sultanate's already tight natural gas resources. Oman will have to devise a long-term strategy that considers adding alternative power generation sources such as renewable energies, while also enhancing energy efficiency and improving demand-side management both on an individual and industrial level.

As the major contributor to the national GDP, the oil and gas industry and the energy sector in general are uniquely placed to drive innovation in all sectors of the economy. The private sector is of fundamental importance. For Oman to succeed in its long-term quest of becoming a diversified, knowledge economy that offers high-valued and sustainable employment for nationals and doesn't have to rely on the sale of hydrocarbons, the country may need to liberalize the economy and establish a much bigger private sector that serves as an economic growth and job creation engine - and provide incentives for Omanis to move into it.

Two hundred national & international stakeholders from the Oman energy industry, and its associated ecosystem from academia, government, international organizations and the private sector gathered for The OEF Industry Workshop on Oct. 20, 2015 to answer the Question:

What does Oman need to do to ensure that it is still a significant oil & gas producer in the year 2040?

The answers revolved around five streams of study:

1. Energy Supply
2. Energy Demand
3. R&D
4. Labour
5. Water-Food-Energy Nexus

The Oman Energy Master Plan 2040 Whitepaper was published in Q1, 2016 with 3 RECOMMENDATIONS in each of the 5 STREAMS of Study - see opposite page attached:

A Gulf Intelligence Special Report 2016



Oman Energy Master Plan 2040

Sample of Campaign Implementations

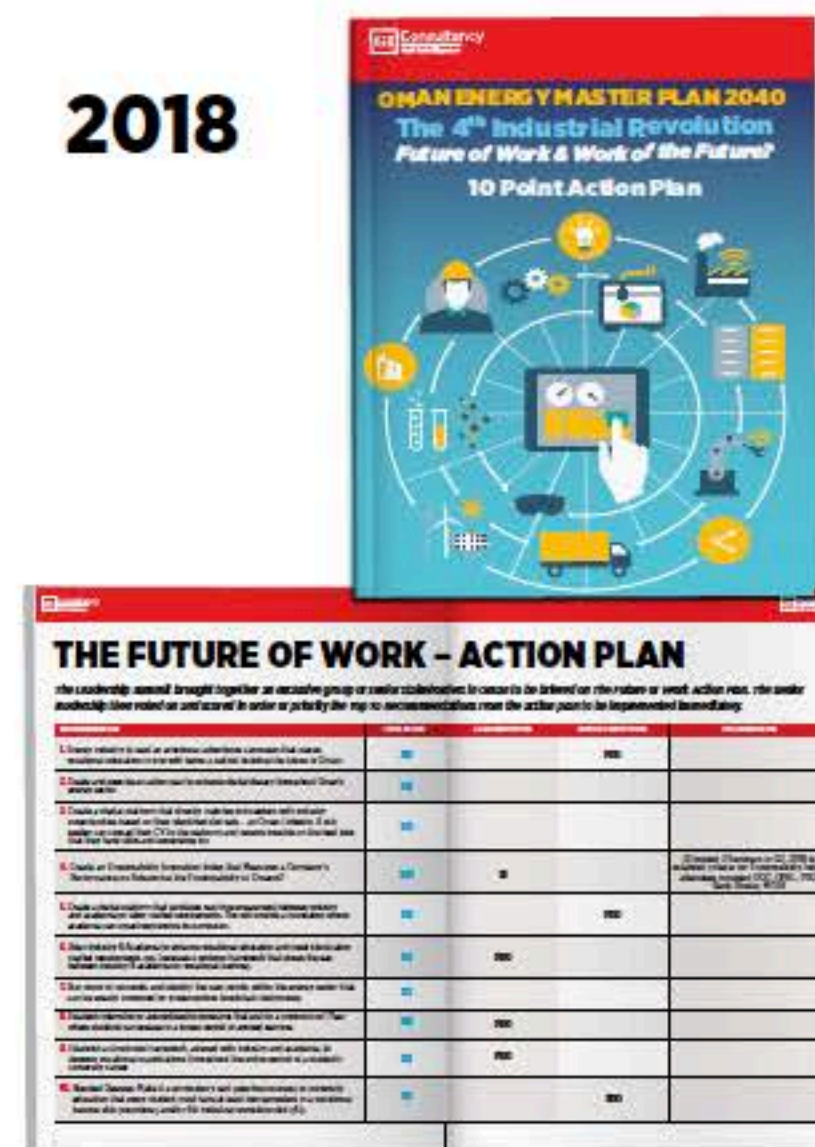
2016



2017



2018



2019





Oman Energy Master Plan 2040

Progress & Implementation Timeline

2015

2016

2017

2018

2019

May 2015

Gulf Intelligence meets with the Ministry of Oil and Gas in Oman

"We need a long term Oman Energy Master Plan that delivers recommendations and solutions that are aligned with All stakeholders from Industry, Academia, and Government"
- Senior Government Official

Oct 2015

The 2015 OEF Industry Workshop

Two hundred national & international stakeholders from the Oman energy industry, and its associated ecosystem from academia, government, international organizations and the private sector gathered to answer the question: *What does Oman need to do to ensure that it is still a significant Oil & Gas producer in the year 2040?*

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2. Energy Demand
3. R&D
4. Labour
5. Water-Food-Energy Nexus

Jan 2016

Oman Energy Master Plan 2040 - Draft Report Published

The top three recommendations harvested from the OEF Industry Workshop for each of the key energy challenges addressed form the heart of the Oman Energy Master Plan 2040.

R&D Timeline

Q1 2016

Gulf Intelligence meets with Sultan Qaboos University and The Research Council to discuss the next steps in pushing forward the top R&D recommendation from the Oman Energy Master Plan 2040 which is "Align Academia and Industry in the Delivery of an Enhanced R&D Ecosystem in Oman."

Q2-Q4 2016

The Inaugural Occidental Oman Student Awards for the Advancement of Post-Graduate Education recognized four accomplished Winners (two, PhD, two Masters) at the Oman Energy-Industry Academia R&D Summit. The awards celebrate the country's future academia and industry leaders who will contribute to developing and enhanced R&D ecosystem in Oman.

Q4 2016

Oman Energy Industry-Academia R&D Summit Action plan created from the recommendations and solutions from The 2016 Oman Energy Industry-Academia R&D Summit & Whitepaper



Q1 2017

Special Leadership Summit with H.E. Dr. Mohammed bin Hamad Al Rumhy, Minister of Oil and Gas in Oman

Q2 2017

Drafting of Oman Energy Industry & Academia R&D Protocol Narrow the Gap between Industry & Academia to Establish Efficient R&D Partnerships

Q3-Q4 2017

Ratification of Oman Energy Industry & Academia R&D Protocol
40+ Institutions ratify The 2017 Oman Energy Industry-Academia R&D Protocol in an effort to build a vibrant research ecosystem within the country that can deliver the solutions that the energy industry requires to sustain output through to 2040 and beyond.

Q1-Q2 2018

Implementation of Oman Energy Industry & Academia R&D Protocol

Q3 2018

Research Project Implemented: Oman Energy Industry & Academia R&D Protocol
Four research agreement to boost R&D collaboration between Industry & Academia in Oman signed between the Ejaad platform, Sultan Qaboos University and Petroleum Development Oman.



ENERGY TRANSITION

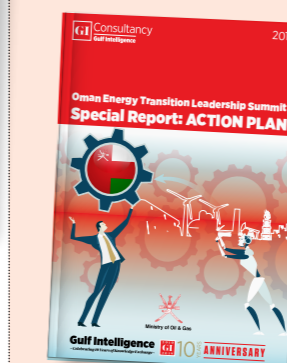
Timeline

Q2-Q3 2018

Tanfeedh Energy Lab
Oman's first Institute of Oil and Gas, Tanfeedh labs on energy, mining inaugurated.

Q4 2018

The 6th Gulf Intelligence Oman Energy Forum tackled the theme of How to Power Oman's Energy Transition Plan for the Future?



February 2019

The Leadership Summit brought together an exclusive group of senior stakeholders in Oman to be briefed on The Oman Energy Transition Action Plan. The senior leadership in attendance then ranked, in order of priority, the Top 10 Recommendations to be taken forward and implemented immediately.



November 2019

The 7th Gulf Intelligence Oman Energy Forum will tackle Oman's Energy Transition: Turning Climate Change Challenges Into Opportunities?



LABOUR - THE FUTURE OF WORK

Timeline



November 2017

The 5th Gulf Intelligence Oman Energy Forum tackled the Topic of 'The Future of Work and the Work of the Future' in coordination with the Oman Energy Master Plan 2040.

"It's a very good piece of work, especially considering the participants that contributed. I think what will really help us is to make this piece of information available to the public"

- H.E. Dr. Mohammed Hamad Al Rumhy, Minister of Oil and Gas in Oman, comments on the Oman Energy Master Plan 2040 at the Special Leadership Briefing in Nov. 2016.

January 2017

Oman Energy Master Plan 2040 - Progress report One Year On

November 2017

Oman Energy Master Plan 2040 - Progress Report Two Years On



February 2018

The Leadership Summit brought together an exclusive group of senior stakeholders in Oman to be briefed on The Future of Work Action Plan. The senior leadership in attendance then ranked, in order of priority, the Top 10 Recommendations to be taken forward and implemented immediately.



May 2018

The Oman Employability Index Roundtable Brought together an exclusive group of key stakeholders to brainstorm the criteria and parameters that will form the heart of the index.

Gulf Intelligence hosts **Employability Index Seminars** with PDO; with OOC; with OPAL



May 2018

The Future of Work Action Plan captured the key recommendations that emerged from the Oman Energy Forum brainstorming sessions.

STREAM 1: ENERGY SUPPLY (TRANSITION)

What Are The Top Recommended Strategies To Maximize Benefits To Oman Of Its Energy Resources?

RECOMMENDATION 1

Create, Adopt and Implement a Comprehensive Energy Action Plan that can Facilitate the Immediate Implementation of Renewables

October 2016
PAEW's final report and recommendations regarding the National Energy Strategy are with the Ministry of Finance for a decision on how to take the various recommendations forward.
Source: <https://goo.gl/tfJkK>

November 2016
Tanfeedh, the National Programme for Enhancing Economic Diversification, indicates that new investments in the renewable energy projects will contribute to 10 per cent of the total power produced from the renewable energy including solar and wind energy by 2050
Source: <https://goo.gl/ksoZbg>

November 2017
Petroleum Development Oman (PDO) announces, at the 5th Gulf Intelligence Oman Energy Forum that it will transform into Energy Development Oman (EDO), a fully-fledged energy company with a greater focus on using renewable energy to increase efficiencies and provide services outside of the Oil & Gas Sector.
Source: <https://bit.ly/2zLxIUX>



December 2017
Shell Development Oman (SDO) and the Embassy of the Kingdom of Netherlands host a seminar to facilitate Energy transition in Oman and identify opportunities for collaboration on renewable energy and energy efficiency.
Source: <https://bit.ly/2uulASb>

In support of Oman's energy transition and renewables skills capacity building, Shell Development Oman (SDO) holds its newly launched annual week-long 'PV basics' training course at the Public Authority for Small and Medium Enterprises Development (Riyada)
Source: <https://bit.ly/2mtGXQx>

Oman Power and Water Procurement Company (OPWP), unveils plans to build the country's first utility-scale solar independent power project (IPP) in Ibri with a capacity to generate 500 megawatt of electricity. This is part of a larger initiative to enhance the contribution of renewable energy in the total energy mix to 10 per cent by 2025.
Source: <https://bit.ly/2mkX8zk>

January 2018
Petroleum Development Oman (PDO) issues a call for Expressions of Interest for the development, construction and operation of a 100-MWp solar park.
Source: <https://bit.ly/2zLPkIM>

Oman Oil Marketing Company announces plans to install Photovoltaic Solar Panels at its service stations. Fitted on the rooftop of canopies, the panels will generate 40KWp.
Source: <https://bit.ly/2zMqgAv>

February 2018
Petroleum Development Oman (PDO) inaugurates 1GW solar power plant Miraah, expected to be one of the world's largest solar power plants and puts Oman on the global renewable energy map.
Source: <https://bit.ly/2JtJa7z>

Oman's first Institute of Oil and Gas, Tanfeedh labs on energy, mining inaugurated.
Source: <https://bit.ly/2L4XAjd>

BP bids for Oman solar projects participating in a competitive tender for the development of a 500 MW utility-scale solar photovoltaic project being procured by the state-owned Oman Power and Water Procurement Company (OPWP) in Ibri in Dhahirah Governorate.
Source: <https://bit.ly/2GLXHF9>

BP bids for Petroleum Development Oman's (PDO) contract for the development of a 100 MW solar PV scheme planned at Amal in the south of its concession.
Source: <https://bit.ly/2GLXHF9>



April 2018
Shell Oman opens its first solar-powered service station in the Sultanate in Mukhaizna, Al Wusta Governorate, as an initial phase of its "Solar Into Stations" project, which was launched in the third quarter of 2017, with more sites planned in Muscat to be announced.
Source: <https://bit.ly/2JwIBuJ>

July 2018
Oman Power and Water Procurement Company (OPWP) launches plan to reduce the share of natural gas fuel in Oman's electricity generation to 83 per cent by 2024 from current 100 per cent. "OPWP projects that the fuel diversification plans, including renewable energy development and the Duqm clean coal independent power project (IPP), will enable the gas share of fuel for power generation to fall from 100 per cent in 2018 to 83 per cent by 2024."
Source: <https://bit.ly/2NXFIPA>

A tender for Phase 1 of the North-South Interconnect Project, which will integrate the nation's two main power grids to support reserve sharing between the Main Interconnected System and the Petroleum Development Oman (PDO) system, is expected to be floated before the end of 2018.
Source: <https://bit.ly/2Ni8XSt>



September 2018
Petroleum Development Oman (PDO) partners with GlassPoint to develop the SolaRISE (Solar Research, Innovation and Sustainability in Energy) technology center in Muscat, with the aim to develop and test solar technologies in oil fields.
Source: <https://bit.ly/2xkZvbx>

October 2018

Petroleum Development Oman's (PDO's) Majlis Stakeholder Engagement Session calls for a national strategic action plan to increase the country's energy efficiency and sustainability. It includes reducing power consumption, progress reporting and monitoring systems.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2PEOEUY>

Petroleum Development Oman (PDO) organizes two Energy Majlis' – an April panel discussion on energy management and renewables, and in October based around forming a national plan 'with clear strategies, policies and projects to boost energy efficiency in the Sultanate.'

Source: <https://bit.ly/2DBgvOQ> **Source:** <https://bit.ly/2Ab6nIX>



To continue building momentum for energy transition, PDO organizes an executive workshop on energy efficiency in collaboration with the EU Commission. Participants include policy makers, industrial and building energy-users, engineers, technology providers and academics.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2PGZrOh>

Petroleum Development Oman (PDO) awards the contract for the 100 MW Amin solar project to a consortium led by Japanese conglomerate Marubeni. The Amin plant will power PDO's operations in Oman under a 23-year power purchase agreement.



Source: <https://bit.ly/2AaJFk1>

November 2018

The 6th Gulf Intelligence Oman Energy Forum brought together the top 200+ energy stakeholders in Oman to create a comprehensive energy action plan that facilitates the acceleration of Oman's energy transition to maximize benefits to Oman of its energy resources and align all stakeholders on current initiatives that are taking place.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2xtgEli> Oman Energy Transition Action Plan: <https://bit.ly/2veZiF7>

GlassPoint Solar signs an MoU with Occidental of Oman to build a large-scale solar thermal EOR plant at Oman's Mukhaizna oilfield. Capacity will be more than 2 GW and produce as much as 100,000 barrels of solar steam per day.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2KmPVd9>

March 2019

In a bid to diversify its energy sources, Oman has set an ambitious goal of covering 30 per cent of its electricity demand with renewable energy projects by 2030.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2TUq9UP>

In line with Oman's vision to diversify its energy resources, Oman Power and Water Procurement Co (OPWP) announced the launch of major renewable energy projects, including a new utility-scale solar project with capacity between 500MW-1,000MW and a mega wind energy project with anticipated capacity of 300MW.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2DqKMhZ>

April 2019

Gulf Intelligence facilitates the successful adoption of all Industry Recommendations on the Oman Energy Transition Action Plan.

Oman Energy Transition Action Plan: <https://bit.ly/2veZiF7>

November 2019

The 7th Gulf Intelligence Oman Energy Forum brought together the top 200+ energy stakeholders in Oman to tackle Oman's energy transition and discuss how to turn the Sultanate's climate change challenges into opportunities.

Source: <https://bit.ly/32ZFLHc>

RECOMMENDATION 2 Establish a Ministry of Energy

January 2016

Gulf Intelligence presents the Oman Energy Master Plan 2040 – Draft Report to H.E. Dr. Mohammed bin Hamad Al Rumhy, Minister of Oil and Gas, Oman and H.E. Mohammed Bin Salim Bin Said Al Tobi, Minister of Environment & Climate Affairs, Oman. H.E. Dr. Mohammed bin Hamad Al Rumhy agrees to present the top recommendations to the Council of Ministers (Cabinet of Oman).

Source: <https://goo.gl/XwvtLz>

March 2018

The second round of Tanfeedh energy labs takes place with an aim to advance a national strategy for energy, including discussions to develop a unified governance structure, Ministry of Energy, to centralize policy under one authority.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2uuxm05> **Source:** <https://bit.ly/2NVkd8c>

December 2018

The sultanate's government announces that it will bring power, oil and gas sectors under the ambit of a single umbrella with a view to have higher efficiency, better coordination and understanding of natural gas allotment.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2GBxCB3>

RECOMMENDATION 3 Establish Small Scale Rooftop and Hybrid Power Generation, which also Support Local Communities

February 2016

Shell Development Oman announces its fifth gift to the nation; in the next five years solar energy will power twenty-two public schools in Oman. By putting these installations into schools, Shell Development Oman hopes to build a platform for development and implementation of small-scale solar projects in Oman.

Source: <https://goo.gl/uMm0Wa>

March 2016

Authority for Electricity Regulation (AER) in Oman announces the Solar Rooftop Project. The power sector regulator is taking steps to pave the way for home and building owners to consider installing solar photovoltaic systems on their rooftops and to channel any surplus electricity output into the national grid.

Source: <https://goo.gl/15U3Xw>

August 2016

Authority for Electricity Regulation (AER) in Oman floats a tender to appoint a specialist consultant to assist it in developing technical integration standards and rules for the connection of rooftop solar photovoltaic (PV) systems.

Source: <https://goo.gl/lGB89s>

October 2016

Authority for Electricity Regulation (AER) in Oman appoints international experts to provide consultancy services on its landmark plan to enable the rollout of rooftop solar power generation for the first time in the Sultanate.

Source: <https://goo.gl/wa5Pwh>

Qais Al Zakwani, Executive Director, Authority for Electricity Regulation (AER) announces that "rooftop solar is expected to be a reality in the Sultanate by the first quarter of 2017."

Source: <https://goo.gl/wa5Pwh>

How to Accelerate Oman's Energy Transition?

TOP 10 – STRATEGIC GOVERNMENT POLICY RECOMMENDATIONS

<p>1. GOVERNMENT REGULATION TO IMPROVE DEMAND MANAGEMENT: Gov't policy and implementation of efficiency standards – be it for vehicles or domestic appliances – are hugely important enablers. The same applies to public buy-in, which requires comprehensive communication strategies to drive awareness on transition, especially when adjusting subsidies.</p>
<p>2. ACCELERATE POWER DEREGULATION & INTRODUCE SPOT MARKET: Oman should move to deregulate and privatize parts of its power infrastructure and introduce a spot market to allow for competition along all elements of the value chain.</p>
<p>3. ESTABLISH CLEAR LONGTERM TARGETS FOR RENEWABLES & ALIGN TAX RATES TO DRIVE INVESTMENT INCENTIVES: Oman should set clear targets that stretch out to 2040 and beyond, while at the same time correcting the current disparity in withholding tax rates on renewable projects between different countries. e.g. presently 5% on China & 10% on GCC.</p>
<p>4. OMAN SHOULD INCLUDE ALL INDUSTRIES IN ENERGY TRANSITION: Oman Energy Efficiency initiatives need to move beyond electricity and towards water desalination, transport and other industries – opportunities for decarbonization outside the power sector globally is 80%.</p>
<p>5. INCREASE INVESTMENT IN RENEWABLE ENERGY: Global investment in renewable energy needs to increase annually by 150% year on year for the world to meet the Paris Climate Agreement objectives – about \$16 trillion through to 2050 – so government policies should play a central role to ensure projects are bankable.</p>
<p>6. INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCIES/ PUBLIC-PRIVATE: Oman should partner with international development agencies, such as the IFC/World Bank, to ensure projects follow best practice standards and so more easily attract other commercial funding.</p>
<p>7. RESOLVE OMAN GAS SHORTAGE: Oman needs to adopt renewables and other Energy Efficient – low carbon emission – solutions, such as CCUS and EOR, with greater urgency to prevent a gas shortage and free up gas for industrial development and export.</p>
<p>8. INTRODUCE FLEXIBLE REGULATORY FRAMEWORK FOR RENEWABLES: Install less restrictive terms & conditions in tender processes – currently companies have to have completed a minimum of two previous projects within the region to qualify, which drives international investors away, and quicker regulatory decision-making is needed to avoid abandonment of initiatives.</p>
<p>9. FIRST MOVER ADVANTAGE: Renewable energy is a relatively new field to the GCC which presents the opportunity to become a regional leader in technology development/deployment and export it – existing example is the proven technology of conversion of heat to produce hydrogen.</p>
<p>10. REMOVE ELECTRICITY SUBSIDIES: Remove/lower subsidies on water & electricity is essential to trigger end users to make rational choices and adopt energy efficient solutions (e.g. domestic smart meters) that private business are offering, which would simultaneously encourage SMEs and jobs growth in Oman.</p>

NB. With the recent establishment of a defacto Ministry of "Energy" – Oil, Gas and Electricity – in Oman (which was a prime recommendation of the Oman Energy Master Plan 2040): a new blueprint should address how to stimulate the Energy Transition – Some points to include:

1. Establishment of a National Renewable Energy Sources (RES) Blueprint for Oman – beyond the Tanfeeth timeframe. This Blueprint shall focus on energy supply for power generation and power-to-x
2. Establishment of a National Energy Efficiency (EE) Blueprint – this will entail efficiency practices, lower consumption and thus free up more gas for export
3. Establishment of a SME Development Program and Supply Chains Blueprint

TOP 10 – INDUSTRY TO EXECUTE

TOP 10 RECOMMENDATIONS	CHAMPION	SUPPORT	RECEIVED SUPPORT LETTER FROM MOG	IMPLEMENTATION UNDERWAY
<p>1. APPRENTICESHIP: Develop an apprenticeship program in partnership with industry in energy savings technologies for the Construction Industry.</p>	GUTECH	ISHRAQ	✓	✓
<p>2. CATEGORIZE & SUPPORT SMEs: Omani companies should broaden the tender process to facilitate SMEs which are an integral part of affordably and efficiently achieving success in Oman's energy transition -- support can be provided via on-the-job training (i.e. 'shadow SMEs' for a large company completing a tender) and in the categorization of SMEs' capabilities.</p>	PDO	OCCI	✓	✓
<p>3. NURTURE LOCAL SUPPLY-CHAIN CHAMPIONS: Bolster the respect and prestige associated with the wider local supply chain to encourage sustainable growth, including enhanced training, reducing the brain drain & boost commercial confidence.</p>	Shell	OPAL	✓	✓
<p>4. COLLABORATION AMONG INDUSTRY STAKEHOLDERS: Accurately monitoring and responding to supply-demand balances requires cohesion among industry stakeholders; even more so amid the shifting sands of the energy transition.</p>				
<p>5. REPLICATE LESSONS LEARNED IN OIL AND GAS: Many successful techniques to engage and grow the local supply chain have trialed and tested in the fossil fuels market. Do not reinvent the wheel; apply success stories to lower-carbon growth.</p>	PDO	OMAN LNG	✓	✓
<p>6. ADVOCATE VOCATIONAL TRAINING: Pairing a strong academic knowledge base with vocational training means university leavers can apply classroom knowledge directly to a project more effectively. Such efficiency will prove vital in SMEs' ability to not only successfully compete for bigger tenders, but also support the sultanate's energy security. The intellectual gap between theoretical and practical skills must narrow.</p>	Shell	PDO	✓	✓
<p>7. INTERNSHIPS - HARNESS LOCAL TALENT: People matter - investing in local capabilities will pay off. This broad spectrum encompasses better alignment between industry and academia, such as ensuring longer-term internships in the winter and not summer months.</p>	PDO & MUSCAT UNIVERSITY	OOCEP	✓	✓
<p>8. BUILD IN-COUNTRY R&D: Undertaking applied research project on solar panel efficiency to maximize the opportunity for rooftop solar in Oman. Building in-country R&D capabilities for wind and solar will allow SMEs to grab the opportunity presented by the inherent demand in Oman and build the economic supply-chain.</p>	GUTECH	BP	✓	✓
<p>9. LEVERAGE DIGITAL TOOLS: Digitalization & technologies can be leveraged more coherently to have a greater enabling role. Such tools are key in achieving scalability in the transition, such as when renewables will inevitably account for more than 15% of the overall grid. The same applies to creating a digital cloud to incentivize more FDI, therefore enabling a greater flow of ideas and funds to drive the energy transition.</p>	OMAN LNG & MUSCAT UNIVERSITY	OOCEP	✓	✓
<p>10. DRIVE PUBLIC AWARENESS ON TRANSITION: The mindset on energy transition still needs to shift – industry should work with the government to build general awareness of energy efficiency so that this is instinctively translated into measures taken across the economy and within households.</p>	OPAL	PDO	✓	✓

November 2016

Authority for Electricity Regulation, Oman (AER Oman) has appointed CESI Middle East as the lead consultant for the integration of rooftop solar photovoltaic (PV) panels in the sultanate.

Source: <https://goo.gl/88e87D>

January 2017

Petroleum Development Oman (PDO) installs thousands of solar panels in its car parks to provide power for its headquarters in Muscat.

Source: <https://goo.gl/oFm4oL>



May 2017

Authority for Electricity Regulation (AER) launches 'Sahim', a renewable energy initiative that will allow and introduce residential grid-connected solar power generation systems. The project enables homeowners, who wish to install photovoltaic cells in their homes, to approach AER, which will then direct them towards companies that will outfit their homes with these cells.

Source: <https://goo.gl/qbyky5>

September 2017

Shell Development Oman launches its 'Solar into Schools' initiative. The 'Solar into Schools' initiative is part of Shell's 'Gift to the Nation' in which Shell committed to train small and medium enterprises (SMEs) and contract them to install solar systems into 22 schools across all governorates of the Sultanate in the coming few years.



Source: <https://goo.gl/DFwFaS>

Authority for Electricity Regulation Oman (AER) announces plan for a solar panel scheme that will target residential customers with the promise of subsidized installations where residents can save up to 42% on their electricity bills if they opt in for rooftop solar panels.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2zTiDRg>

December 2017

Oman Oil Marketing Company announces plans to install Photovoltaic Solar Panels at its service stations. Fitted on the rooftop of canopies, the panels will generate 40KWp.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2zMqgAv>

January 2018

Bank Muscat inaugurates the country's first rooftop solar-powered bank branch aimed at promoting renewable sources of energy in Oman. The solar-powered Al Khoudh branch comes as part of the bank's ongoing Imprints CSR initiative.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2L4sYis>

Petroleum Development Oman (PDO) inaugurates its first solar park in car parks at Mina Al Fahal to provide power for the company's office buildings. The 6-megawatt installed peak (MWp) project will save more than 3.1 million m³ of gas a year – enough to provide electricity for almost 1,000 homes – and cut co2 emissions by 6,662 tons a year.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2PJmIPP>

March 2018

The Authority for Electricity Regulation Oman (AER) contracts UK-based smart home energy management platforms provider, PassivSystems, to consult on the first phase of its 'Sahim' project to install rooftop photovoltaics (PV) on more than 30% of Omani rooftops. A pilot project will see 1,000-3,000 homes fitted out with solar PV before extending the initiative to more than a quarter of a million properties.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2zTiDRg>

April 2018

Shell Oman opens its first rooftop solar-powered service station in the Sultanate in Mukhaizna, Al Wusta Governorate, as an initial phase of its "Solar Into Stations" project, which was launched in the third quarter of 2017, with more sites planned in Muscat to be announced.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2JwIBuJ>

May 2018

Oman's Authority for Electricity Regulation (AER) begins the process to qualify and select companies for the supply of an automated operational and risk management system for the second phase of the 'Sahim' residential rooftop photovoltaic (PV) program.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2k2qTUp>

July 2018

Oman's Authority for Electricity Regulation (AER) starts a grid connection for the wide scale deployment of small photovoltaic (PV) systems for residential solar rooftop projects, launched under its renewable energy initiative 'Sahim'. It is hoped the project will cut electricity bills by 40%.



Source: <https://bit.ly/2J5JokU>

February 2019

The Authority for Electricity Regulation (AER) has contracted UK based PassivSystems to secure 'Sahim' renewable energy initiative, providing a technology platform to manage solar PV on 250,000 rooftops in Oman.

Source: <https://bit.ly/32X2tzV>



STREAM 2: ENERGY DEMAND

What Are The Top Recommendations For Tackling Oman's Domestic Energy Demand & Consumption Over The Next 25 Years?

RECOMMENDATION 1


The Structured Removal of Subsidies

- January
2016**

Ministry of Finance announces government plans to cut subsidy spending by almost two thirds to help tackle a budget deficit caused by low oil prices.
Source: <https://goo.gl/3oUu7p>
- January
2016**

Oman reduced government subsidies on gasoline.
Source: <https://goo.gl/qdWmm9>
- January
2016**

Prices of super grade petrol were raised for the first time to 160 baisas per litre, from 120 baisas a litre; they were increased to 140 baisas for regular grade petrol, up from 114 baisas a litre, and 160 baisas for diesel per litre, against an earlier 146 baisas per litre.
Source: <https://goo.gl/g9z2Nk>


- October
2016**

The Authority for Electricity Regulation of Oman announces that subsidies available for large consumers, mainly government, commercial and industrial users, will be cut and a higher revised tariff structure will be effective from January 1, 2017. The Authority for Electricity Regulation (AER) has said that RO100mn worth of subsidies will be cut for large commercial, government and industrial users
Source: <https://goo.gl/Xf8suz> **Source:** <https://goo.gl/uYYIAB>
- January
2017**

Subsidies removed for major Omani power major customers consuming more than 150 megawatt-hours (MWh) per annum. An estimated 10,000 government, commercial and industrial customers will no more be provided any subsidy on electricity as per the Cost Reflective Tariff (CRT) issued by the Public Authority for Electricity and Water (PAEW). The government hopes to save RO100mn annually from the decision.
Source: <https://goo.gl/CaF8dG>
- November
2017**

Oman allocates 100mn OMR (260mn USD) in 2018's budget to help citizens hurt by the national fuel subsidies cut after oil revenue dropped.
Source: <https://bloom.bg/2iP6H7v>
- December
2017**

Oman's Ministry of Oil and Gas drops a government cap on M91 after the introduction of a subsidy programme for Omanis. M91 is now priced at 199 baisas per litre, 13 baisas above its previously capped limit of 186. The price of M91 will now reflects global oil prices, but Omani families on low incomes have been protected by the government's National Subsidy System (NSS).
Source: <https://bit.ly/2JsXxcc>
- May
2018**

The International Monetary Fund (IMF) predicts Oman's GDP growth at 2.1% in 2018 and 4.2% in 2019. The organization proceeds to state, that Oman's projected growth is not only due to a resurgence of oil prices but also due to improvement of government finances through the reduction of subsidies.
Source: <https://bit.ly/2NoBJ3T>
- June
2018**

Oman and other GCC countries significantly reduce gasoline and diesel subsidies, and implement automatic price adjustment mechanisms linking domestic prices to international oil price fluctuations.
Source: <https://bit.ly/2HYBZmR>

**October
2018**

Oman's Ministry of Oil and Gas, the Authority for Electricity Regulation (AER) and Petroleum Development Oman (PDO) discuss ways of providing electricity subsidies only to those that need them, in order to reduce the current OMR500 million annual handouts.
Source: <https://bit.ly/2DNVgdi>

**May
2019**

Over 330,000 Omanis register for the national fuel subsidy system.
Source: <https://bit.ly/37haZNx>

RECOMMENDATION 2

Inducing Positive Human Behaviour on a National Scale

- October
2016**

The Supreme Council for Planning formed a committee to develop a comprehensive green design code for Oman in the context of a unified GCC Building Code. New codes have the potential to reduce the lifecycle costs of buildings and result in macro-economic benefits such as reduced consumption of energy at the national level. Currently around 70 per cent of the national energy consumed in Oman is used for cooling buildings.
Source: <https://goo.gl/kXlmjk>
- December
2017**

BP's launches the second edition of "Mustadeem", an initiative aimed towards supporting renewable energy in Oman. The program strives to inculcate the social culture of renewable energy and the importance of its sustainability amongst 450 university and college students in the Sultanate.
Source: <https://bit.ly/2LpN03i>
- January
2018**

Petroleum Development Oman (PDO) launches a new energy management campaign 'Etidama' (Sustainability) which supports centralizing communication for all strategic projects that fall under the banner of energy and environment under one platform. The campaign is dedicated to building a positive environmental culture across Oman by focusing on six main pillars: Renewable energy, people, energy efficiency, environment, energy saving and economy.
Source: <https://bit.ly/2zJb000>
- June
2018**

Muscat Electricity Distribution Company (MEDC) pledges financial support for the publication of a booklet that features energy conservation tips designed for students in Cycle Two (Grades 5 to 10). The company is supporting the publication of the booklet, in order to educate students about issues related to energy conservation and the proper maintenance of national energy facilities.
Source: <https://bit.ly/2Lfv8GN>

RECOMMENDATION 3

Centralize Oman's Energy Policy under a Single Authority

- January
2016**

Gulf Intelligence presents the Oman Energy Master Plan 2040 - Draft Report to H.E. Dr. Mohammed bin Hamad Al Rumhy, Minister of Oil and Gas, Oman and H.E. Mohammed Bin Salim Bin Said Al Tobi, Minister of Environment & Climate Affairs, Oman. H.E. Dr. Mohammed bin Hamad Al Rumhy agrees to present the top recommendations to the Council of Ministers (Cabinet of Oman).
Source: <https://goo.gl/XwvtLz>
- March
2018**

The second round of Tanfeedh energy labs takes place with an aim to advance a national strategy for energy, including discussions to develop a unified governance structure, Ministry of Energy, to centralize policy under one authority.
Source: <https://bit.ly/2uuxm05> **Source:** <https://bit.ly/2NVkd8c>
- December
2018**

The sultanate's government announces that it will bring power, oil and gas sectors under the ambit of a single umbrella with a view to have higher efficiency, better coordination and understanding of natural gas allotment.
Source: <https://bit.ly/2GBxCB3>

STREAM 3: RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT

What Are The Top Strategies Needed To Align Academia And Industry To Deliver An Enhanced R&D Ecosystem In Oman?

RECOMMENDATION 1

Narrow the Gap between Industry and Academia to Establish Efficient R&D Partnerships

October
2016

The Inaugural Occidental Oman Student Awards for the Advancement of Post-Graduate Education recognized four accomplished Winners (two, PhD, two Masters) at the Oman Energy-Industry Academia R&D Summit. The awards celebrate the country's future academia and industry leaders who will contribute to developing and enhanced R&D ecosystem in Oman.



Source: <https://goo.gl/CXYkoM>

The Oman Energy Industry-Academia R&D Summit, Hosted by Sultan Qaboos University
The Oman Energy Master Plan 2040 – Tackling the top R&D recommendation was the key focus of the 2016 summit hosted by SQU: “Align Academia and Industry in the Delivery of an Enhanced R&D Ecosystem in Oman”
The summit brought together the top 100 Omani stakeholders from industry, academia, and government to develop an Energy R&D Action Plan for adoption and implementation in the delivery of an enhanced R&D Ecosystem in Oman.

Source: <https://goo.gl/BRKtG5>

November
2016

The **Oman Energy Industry-Academia R&D Action Plan** is created from the recommendations of The 2016 Oman Energy Industry-Academia R&D Summit (See Page 10).

Source: <https://goo.gl/pWN5dc>

December
2016

Petroleum Development Oman (PDO) signs an agreement with the German University of Technology in Oman (GUtech), which will boost research and development efforts in both the oil and non-oil sectors in the Sultanate's economy. Under the terms of the memorandum of understanding (MoU), PDO has pledged the support of its experts in the creation of GUtech's state-of-the-art technology centre and can also use the centre for its own research.

Source: <https://goo.gl/LCc3UP>

February
2017

The **Oman Industry Academia R&D Special Leadership Roundtable Briefing** with H.E. Dr. Mohammed bin Hamad Al Rumhy, Minister of Oil and Gas in Oman takes place to brainstorm the top recommendation from the Oman Energy-Industry Academia R&D Action plan which is: create a protocol with principles that will be ratified with the signatures of companies operating in Oman's energy sector and their peers in academia.

Source: <https://goo.gl/pWN5dc>

June
2017

Oman's Ministry of Oil & Gas, Petroleum Development Oman (PDO) and The Research Council ratify **The 2017 Oman Energy Industry-Academia R&D Protocol** in an effort to build a vibrant research ecosystem within the country that can deliver the solutions that the energy industry requires to sustain output through to 2040 and beyond.

Source: <https://goo.gl/KkaWML>

July
2017

Petroleum Development Oman (PDO) signs research and development agreements with Sohar and Al Sharqiyah Universities to help resolve some of its complex technical challenges.

Source: <https://goo.gl/8VW2aw>

November
2017

Petroleum Development Oman (PDO) has signed a research and development R&D agreement with Muscat University to help resolve some of its complex technical challenges.

Source: <https://goo.gl/CXYkoM>

Petroleum Development Oman (PDO) signs a research and development agreement with Muscat University to help resolve its complex technical challenges and advance Oman's academic and vocational development.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2zSKSji>

Petroleum Development Oman (PDO) signs a research and development agreement with Muscat University to help resolve its complex technical challenges and advance Oman's academic and vocational development.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2zSKSji>

Jun. - Dec.
2017

40+ Institutions ratify The 2017 Oman Energy Industry-Academia R&D Protocol in an effort to build a vibrant research ecosystem within the country that can deliver the solutions that the energy industry requires to sustain output through to 2040 and beyond.

Source: N/A



December
2017

December 2017 The Research Council (TRC) in collaboration with Petroleum Development Oman and the Ministry of Oil and Gas launch an uber-like digital portal to connect industry and academia on R&D in the energy sector.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2LzUZdW>

GlassPoint Solar signs a collaboration agreement with The Research Council (TRC), Innovation Park Muscat (IPM), Public Authority for SME Development (Riyada) and Sharakah. An intensive full-cycle incubation programme. GlassPoint will provide aspiring Omani entrepreneurs an integrated ecosystem of scientific, technical and business support.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2JvpgsF>

Four research agreements worth more than 300,000 OMR (≈ 780,000 USD) are signed in a bid to boost research and development collaborations between industries and academia in Oman. The agreements, which were signed by Ejaad Platform, Petroleum Development Oman (PDO), and Sultan Qaboos University, target different research challenges faced in Oman, offering a unique opportunity to support the nation's sustainable development.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2uvwica>

January
2018

- July
2018**

His Highness Sayyid Shihab bin Tariq Al Said, Adviser to His Majesty the Sultan, Chairman of the Research Council affirmed that the Council is will develop a national strategy that outlines the path of scientific research and development in the Sultanate in connection with the track of comprehensive development plans being executed by the Government in a bid to develop the Omani citizen. The strategy aims to make the Sultanate among the leading countries in the innovation field (within best 20 countries in 2040).

Source: <https://bit.ly/2LkbU7x>
- November
2018**

Schlumberger Oman and Muscat University sign a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) to increase student placements/internships, leverage staff mobility, and to collaborate in software and engineering research and education.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2zhUQYP>
- April
2019**

Sultan Qaboos University sign an agreement with Occidental of Oman to receive US\$2.7mn for purchasing equipment for its Sustainable Energy Research Centre (SERC).

Source: <https://bit.ly/2VgE9sM>
- June
2019**

Kazan Federal University and EJAAD sign a joint cooperation agreement, the first such document in the history of EJAAD with overseas institutional partners.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2CRP1IY>
- July
2019**

SQU and Omantel sign an agreement that will contribute to the establishment of a state-of-the-art Innovation and Technology Transfer Centre at the university.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2KwnRFE>

RECOMMENDATION 2

Establish Research Clusters and Incubators with Universities across Oman that are Linked with Promotional Entities.

- October
2016**

Innovation Park Muscat expected to open in Q4 of 2016. Innovation Park Muscat has been strategically located close to Sultan Qaboos University, Rusail Industrial Area, and knowledge Oasis Muscat. Innovation Park Muscat is Oman's newest science and technology development. It is one of the major initiatives by The Research Council (TRC) in a bid to encourage scientific research, innovation and activate collaboration between the academic, private and the diverse industry sectors of local and international communities.

Source: <https://goo.gl/UYDpSh>
- December
2017**

The Research Council (TRC) in collaboration with Petroleum Development Oman and the Ministry of Oil and Gas launch an uber-like digital portal to connect industry and academia on R&D in the energy sector.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2LzUZdW>
- March
2018**

Oman launched its first Oil and Gas institute (instOG) on Sunday which will specialise in the training and development of professionals in the energy sector, is an addition to educational institutes in the Sultanate.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2L0x4UP>
- 2018**

Innovation Park Muscat officially opens.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2L5WvUV>

**January
2018**

GlassPoint Solar signs a collaboration agreement with The Research Council (TRC), Innovation Park Muscat (IPM), Public Authority for SME Development (Riyada) and Sharakah. An intensive full-cycle incubation programme. GlassPoint will provide aspiring Omani entrepreneurs an integrated ecosystem of scientific, technical and business support.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2JvpgsF>

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GlassPoint Solar signs a collaboration agreement with The Research Council (TRC), Innovation Park Muscat (IPM), Public Authority for SME Development (Riyada) and Sharakah. An intensive full-cycle incubation programme. GlassPoint will provide aspiring Omani entrepreneurs an integrated ecosystem of scientific, technical and business support.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2JvpgsF>



RECOMMENDATION 3
More Omani students need to get their PhDs in Oman.

- October
2016**

The Inaugural Occidental Oman Student Awards for the Advancement of Post-Graduate Education recognized four accomplished Winners (two, PhD, two Masters) at the Oman Energy-Industry Academia R&D Summit. The awards celebrate the country's future academia and industry leaders who will contribute to developing and enhanced R&D ecosystem in Oman.

Source: <https://goo.gl/CXYkoM>
- November
2017**

The 2nd Occidental Oman Student Awards for the Advancement of Post-Graduate Education recognizes four accomplished Winners (two, PhD, two Masters) at the Oman Energy-Industry Academia R&D Summit. The awards celebrate the country's future academia and industry leaders who will contribute to developing and enhanced R&D ecosystem in Oman.

Source: <https://goo.gl/CXYkoM>
- 2017- 2018**

Dr. Ahmed Said Hamed Al Hatrooshi, Occidental Oman Student Award Winner 2017, gives tedX speech to 200+ senior government officials and c-suite executives on why millennials should pursue post-graduate education in alignment with helping the Sultante reach its long term development goals.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2LauGIV>

2017- 2018

The Occidental Oman Student Seminars for the Advancement of Post-Graduate Education enhance the dialogue between students, academic institutions and industry in Oman. The seminars gave students access to prominent leaders from industry, academia, and the government, to discuss the benefits of post-graduate education and career opportunities in Oman after obtaining masters or PhD degrees.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2umoB7t>

2017	2018
GUTech Oman - May 13 th	GUTech Oman - Feb. 21 st
Muscat University - Feb. 6 th	Sultan Qaboos University - April 27 th

**November
2019**

The 3rd Oman Student Awards for the Advancement of Post-Graduate Education recognizes four accomplished Winners (two, PhD, two Masters) at the Oman Energy-Industry Academia R&D Summit. The awards celebrate the country's future academia and industry leaders who will contribute to developing and enhanced R&D ecosystem in Oman.

Source: <https://bit.ly/32TXnEw>

STREAM 4: LABOUR

What Are The Top Recommended Strategies That Need To Be Adopted To Align Industry And Academia To Meet Oman's Future Labour Market Requirements?

RECOMMENDATION 1

Establish a Coordinating Committee with an Operational Mandate that Comprises of Senior Representatives from the MOM and the MOE, as well as selected Industry Leaders.

October
2016

His Majesty Sultan Qaboos issues four Royal decrees on October 17, 2016 to set up a National Training Fund.

- ✓ Royal Decree No 48/2016 establishes a national training fund and promulgates its system of functioning.
- ✓ Royal Decree 49/2016 appoints Dr Mohammed bin Hamad bin Saif al Rumhy as Chairman of the National Training Fund.
- ✓ Royal Decree 50/2016 establishes an implementation unit
- ✓ Royal Decree 51/2016 appoints Dr Khamis bin Saif bin Hamoud al Jabri as Chairman of the Implementation and Follow-up Support Unit, with a Minister's Grade.

The National Training Fund aims to bridge the gap between the supply and demand for training in the labour market through building the capacities of the national workforce. In order to be able to achieve its goals the fund has been given wide powers including evaluating the current state of training efforts, determining training requirements and priorities, and setting up a comprehensive database for training information. The fund is particularly tasked with narrowing the gap of efficiencies in the national development projects and the emerging sectors. The Fund's tasks include establishing partnerships with local and international leading institutions concerned with training and benefiting from their programmes to support strategic sectors and the private sector. The National Training Fund will identify the standards required for financing training programmes as well as specifying the standards for training curricula financed by the Fund.



Source: <https://goo.gl/MSJINI> Source: <https://goo.gl/UU5uRJ>

RECOMMENDATION 2

Bolster the government's role in regulating education and reduce its influence in delivering education.

November
2018

Oman's State Council Sessions approve an Education and Research Committee proposal to study the "development of the regulation of private training institutions." It will include the need to develop specialized competencies responsible for private training institutions.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2OVjJhQ>

Oman's Ministry of Manpower participates in the 2nd meeting of the GCC strategic plan working group for joint cooperation in the field of technical education and vocational training, held in Kuwait.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2zm0hG1>

RECOMMENDATION 3

The mismatch in skill sets between Oman's Industry and Academia and the Importance of Streaming Students into Vocational Training early on.

November
2017

The 5th Gulf Intelligence Oman Energy Forum

The Future of Work and The Work of the Future in the 4th Industrial Revolution?

Data Science. Mobile supercomputing. Intelligent robots. Automation. Data Harvesting and Mining. Self-driving cars. Digitization. We stand on the brink of a technological revolution that will fundamentally alter the way we work and how labor markets are structured. In its scale, scope, and complexity, the transformation will be unlike anything humankind has experienced before. We do not yet know just how it will unfold, but one thing is clear: the response to it must be integrated and comprehensive, involving all stakeholders, from the public and private sectors to academia and society.

Source: <https://goo.gl/LixpwY>

2018

OPAL launches vocational training standards and qualifications for Oman. Nearly 50,000 Omanis graduate from various institutes at different levels of education every year but lack of industrial competency is limiting job prospects and threatening their careers.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2zTZZJ9>

September
2018

Themed "In-Country Value: The Road to Localising Omani Industry and Services," a Petroleum Development Oman (PDO) Majlis Stakeholder Engagement Session focuses on greater collaboration between the oil and gas sector and academia, in order to encourage a culture of entrepreneurship amongst graduates.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2QYCi6A>



THE FUTURE OF WORK – ACTION PLAN

The Leadership Summit brought together an exclusive group of senior stakeholders in Oman to be briefed on The Future of Work Action Plan. The senior leadership then voted on and scored in order of priority the Top 10 Recommendations from the action plan to be implemented immediately.

RECOMMENDATION	TOTAL SCORE	LEAD INSTITUTION	SUPPORT INSTITUTION	IMPLEMENTATION
1. Energy industry to lead an emotional advertising campaign that places vocational education in line with being a patriot building the future of Oman.	310		PDO	
2. Create and execute an action plan to enhance digital literacy throughout Oman's energy sector.	279			
3. Create a digital platform that directly matches job seekers with industry opportunities based on their identified skill sets – an Oman LinkedIn. A job seeker can upload their CV to the platform and receive insights on the best jobs that they have skills and experience for.	275			
4. Create an Employability Innovation Index that Measures a Company's Performance on Advancing the Employability of Omanis?	204	GI	OOC	
5. Create a digital platform that facilitates real time engagement between industry and academia on labor market requirements. This will provide a foundation where academia can proactively evolve its curriculum.	178		PDO	
6. Align Industry & Academia to enhance vocational education and meet future labor market requirements. (ex. Leverage a protocol framework that closes the gap between industry & academia on vocational training).	173	PDO	OPAL	
7. Run proof of concepts and identify the pain points within the energy sector that can be greatly improved by implementing blockchain technology.	172			
8. Establish internship or apprenticeship programs that last for a minimum of 1 Year where students can engage in a longer period of applied learning.	169	PDO	OPAL	
9. Establish a structured framework, aligned with industry and academia, to develop vocational qualifications throughout the entire period of a student's university career.	161	PDO	OPAL	
10. Blended Degrees: Make it a compulsory part (elective courses) of university education that every student must have at least two semesters in a vocational training skill (plumbing) and/or 4th industrial revolution skill (AI).	80		PDO	



STREAM 5: WATER-FOOD-ENERGY NEXUS

What Are The Top Recommended Innovative Solutions To Achieve Sustainable Growth?

RECOMMENDATION 1

Establish and Mandate an Executive Authority that Focuses on Water, Energy and Food. Identify Linkages between the Three Sectors, Develop Knowledge and Induce Behavioural Change.



Petroleum Development Oman (PDO) extends its long-term offtake agreement with Bauer Nimr Oman (BNO) to expand the capacity of BNO's water treatment plant by 60,000m³/day. Operating a reed bed concept using constructed wetlands, the plant treats residual water from PDO's oil wells in the Nimr oilfields.



Source: <https://bit.ly/2Kqcm12>

RECOMMENDATION 2

Renewable Energy Based desalination should be key to Address the Issue of Water Security on a Small and Large Scale with A Focus on Cost Competitive Technologies.



Petroleum Development Oman (PDO) will turn to a fully fledged energy company over the next decade encompassing hydrocarbon and renewable energy generation and water management.

Source: <https://goo.gl/WKR2ya>



Solar- and wind-powered water desalination projects will be crucial for sustaining the energy-intensive desalination processes in the future. Oman is gearing up to increase its water treatment capacity by 66 per cent over the next seven years to keep up with the rising demand, according to the latest outlook posted by Oman Power and Water Procurement Company.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2zTZJ9>

RECOMMENDATION 3

Enforce Building Codes and Standards for Sustainable Homes to Promote Water Savings and Energy Efficiency, such as the Development of Green Homes.



The Supreme Council for Planning formed a committee to develop a comprehensive green design code for Oman in the context of a unified GCC Building Code. New codes have the potential to reduce the lifecycle costs of buildings and result in macro-economic benefits such as reduced consumption of energy at the national level. Currently around 70 per cent of the national energy consumed in Oman is used for cooling buildings.

Source: <https://goo.gl/kXImjk>



The Oman Convention and Exhibition Centre (OCEC) becomes Oman's first tourism development project to receive an LEED Gold certification from the United States Green Building Council (USGBC) for its exhibition centre, car park and energy centre.

Source: <https://bit.ly/2D0mBfc>



CALENDAR

2020

The 10th Gulf Intelligence UAE Energy Forum

Under the Patronage of
His Excellency Eng. Suhail Mohamed Al Mazrouei
UAE Minister of Energy & Industry
Abu Dhabi, Jan. 8th 2020

The IPWeek Middle East Energy Summit

Hosted by the Energy Institute - IPWEEK
London, Feb. 25th - 27th 2020

The Middle East Oil Markets Workshop

Dubai, Mar. 10th 2020

The Gulf Intelligence Saudi Arabia Energy Forum

Riyadh, Apr. 7th 2020

The Middle East LNG Workshop

Dubai, Jun. 10th 2020

The 10th Gulf Intelligence Energy Markets Forum

Under the Patronage of
His Highness Sheikh Hamad Bin Mohammed Al-Sharqi
The Ruler of Fujairah, UAE
Fujairah, Sept. 21st - 22nd 2020

The Gulf Intelligence Shipping Workshop 2020

Dubai, Oct. 20th 2020

The Gulf EOR Workshop

Abu Dhabi, Nov. 8th 2020

The Gulf Intelligence Oman Energy Forum

Muscat, Nov. 24th 2020

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